Pictorial Key to the Adults of Hard Ticks, Family Ixodidae (Ixodida: Ixodoidea), East of the Mississippi River

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ABSTRACT Six genera and 27 species of hard ticks (Ixodidae) currently are recognized in the United States east of the Mississippi River as follows: Amblyomma (4 species), Boophilus (1), Dermacentor (3), Haemaphysalis (2), Ixodes (16), and Rhipicephalus (1). We present a diagrammatic couplet key to the adults of the six genera and 27 species of Ixodidae found in the eastern portion of the United States.

KEY WORDS Arachnida, pictorial key, Ixodidae, eastern United States

IN THE SUMMER of 1986, we were approached by members of the Armed Forces Pest Management Board and by military entomologists at Fort Meade, Md., and asked to prepare a pictorial key to ticks of the genus *Ixodes*. The key was to be used in conjunction with a survey of ticks as potential vectors of Lyme disease. We prepared an *Ixodes* key, and because there were only 11 additional species of hard ticks east of the Mississippi, we expanded the key to include all Ixodidae found in that region.

When using a pictorial key such as the one presented here, it should be remembered that the illustrations are based on essentially perfect specimens; i.e., all structures are intact. Anyone who has collected ticks knows that this is the exception rather than the rule. It is often necessary to tease host tissue away from the hypostome in order to count dentition, assuming that the hypostome is present at all. Specimens that are field-collected often are bloated with blood, missing palps and legs, and covered with dirt. Therefore, in addition to using this pictorial key, we recommend the following reference keys to double-check preliminary identifications: Amblyomma (Cooley & Kohls 1944, Jones et al. 1972), Boophilus, Haemaphysalis, and Rhipicephalus (Cooley 1946); Dermacentor (Cooley 1938, Yunker et al. 1986); and *Ixodes* (Cooley & Kohls 1945, Keirans & Clifford 1978).

Following the pictorial key, we provide in table form a brief summary of the hosts and distribution of hard ticks east of the Mississippi.

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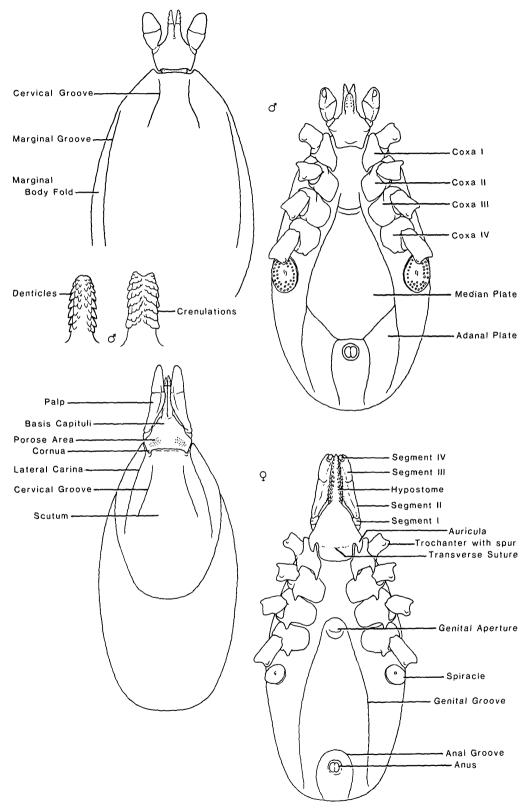


Fig. 1. Diagnostic characters of hard ticks, genus Ixodes (from Keirans & Clifford 1978).

Fig. 2. Pictorial Key to the Adult Hard Ticks (Ixodidae) of the U.S.A. East of the Mississippi

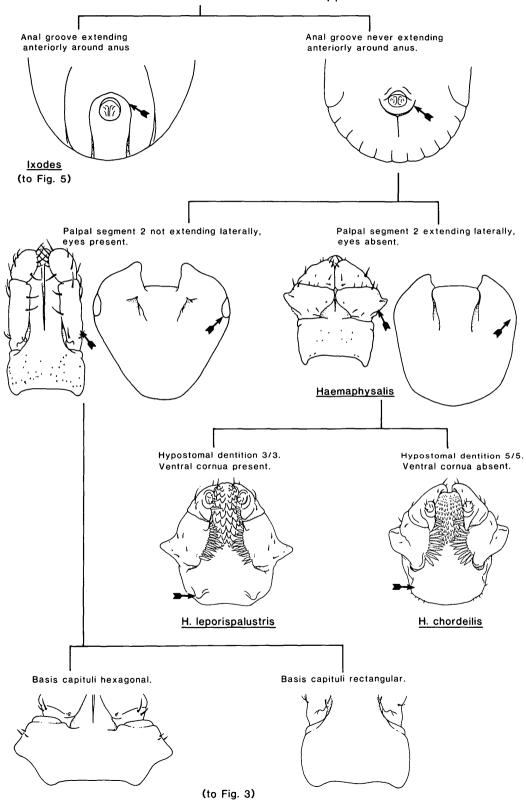
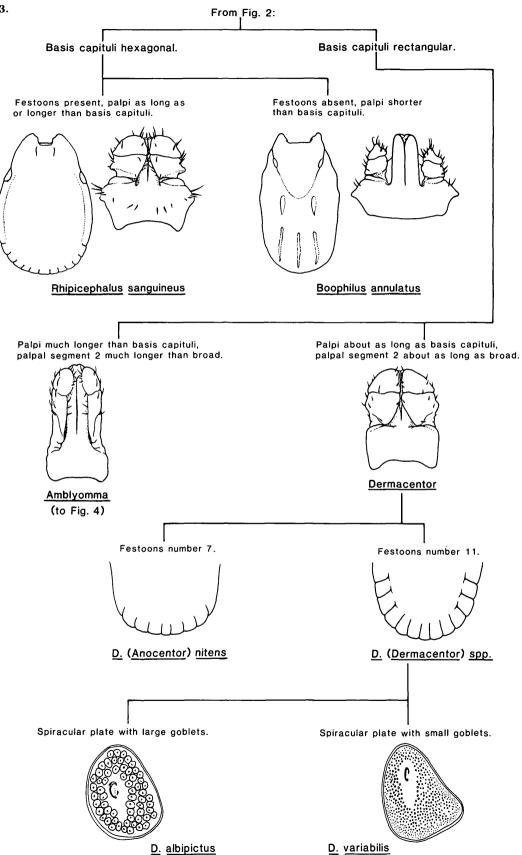


Fig. 3.



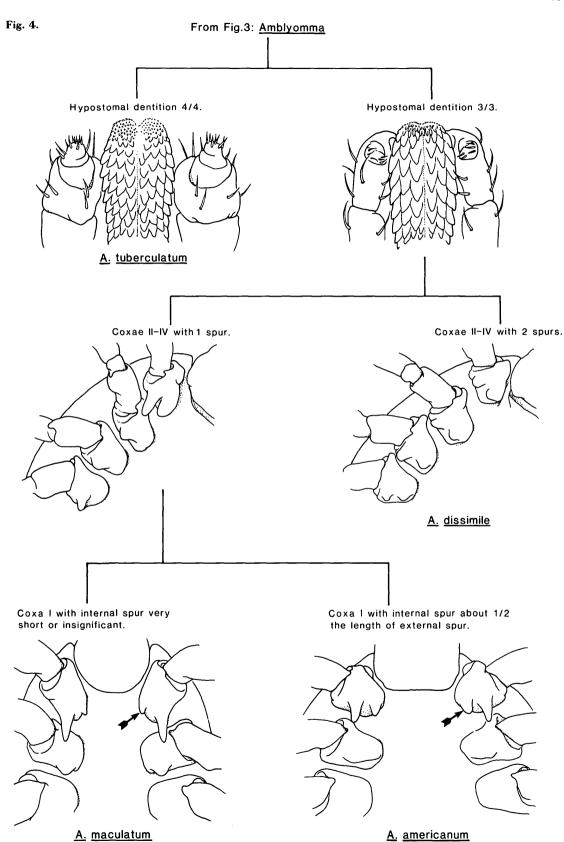


Fig. 5.

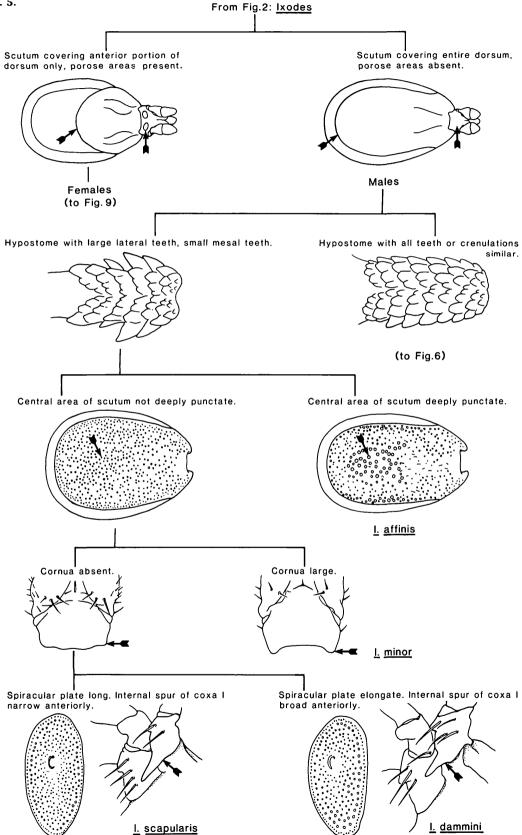


Fig. 6.

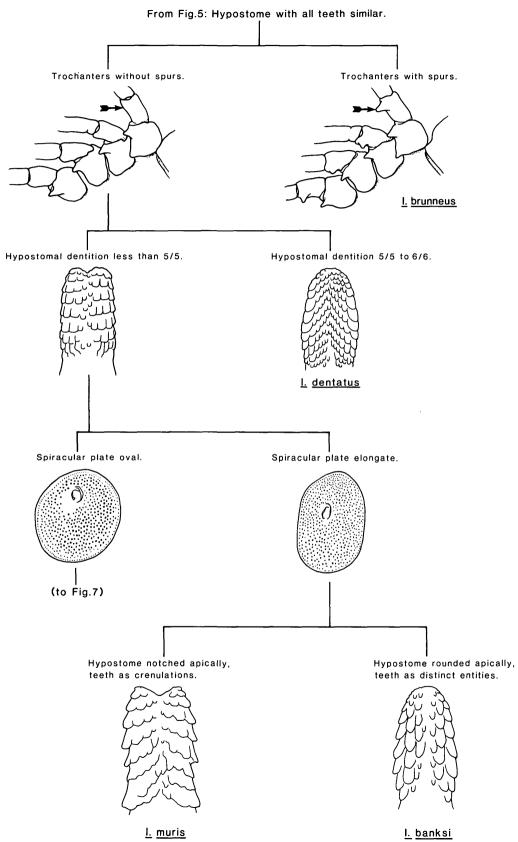


Fig. 7.

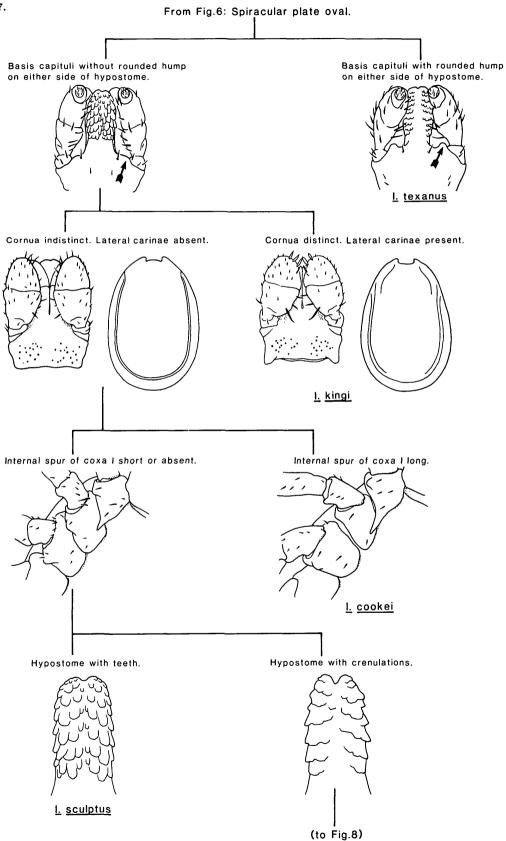


Fig. 8.

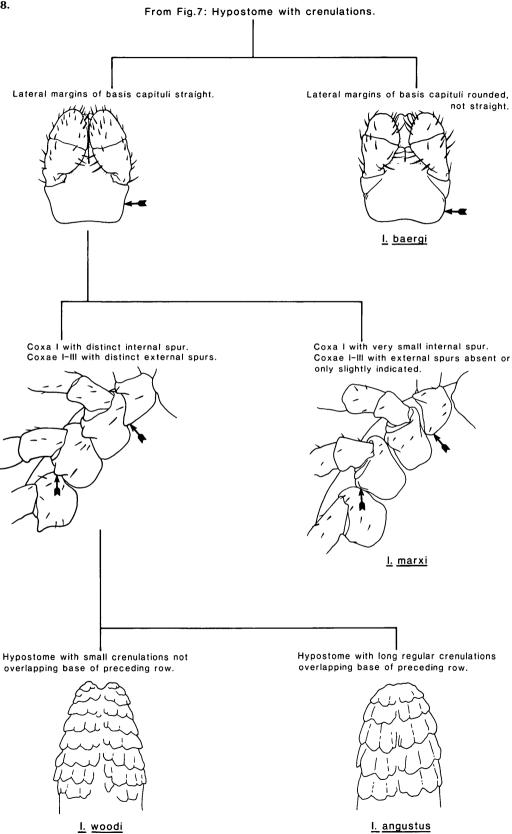
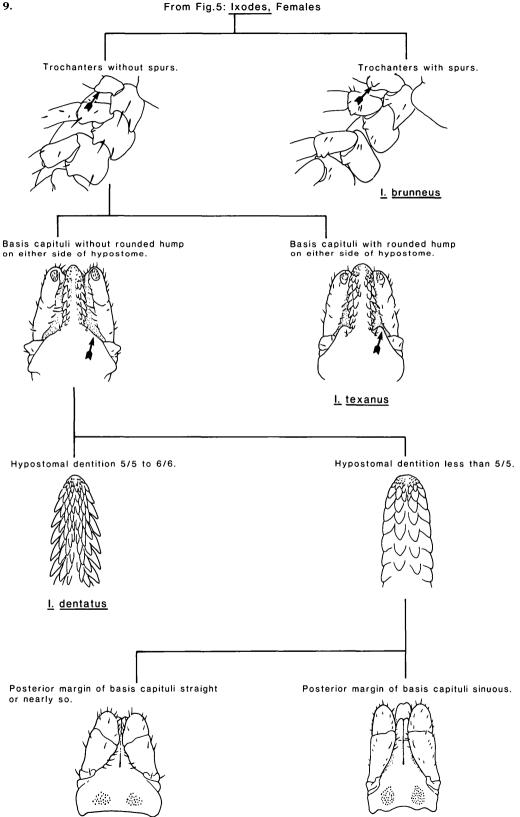


Fig. 9.



(to Fig. 10)

I. sculptus

Fig. 10. From Fig.9: Posterior margin of basis capituli straight or nearly so.

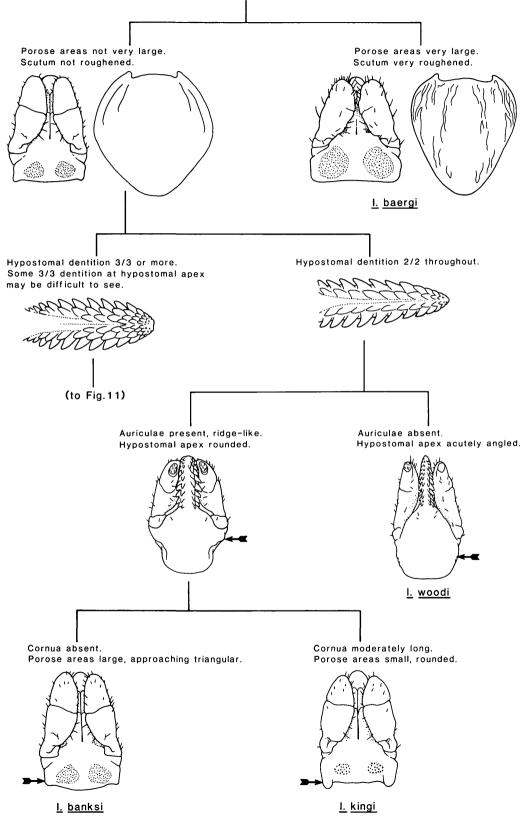
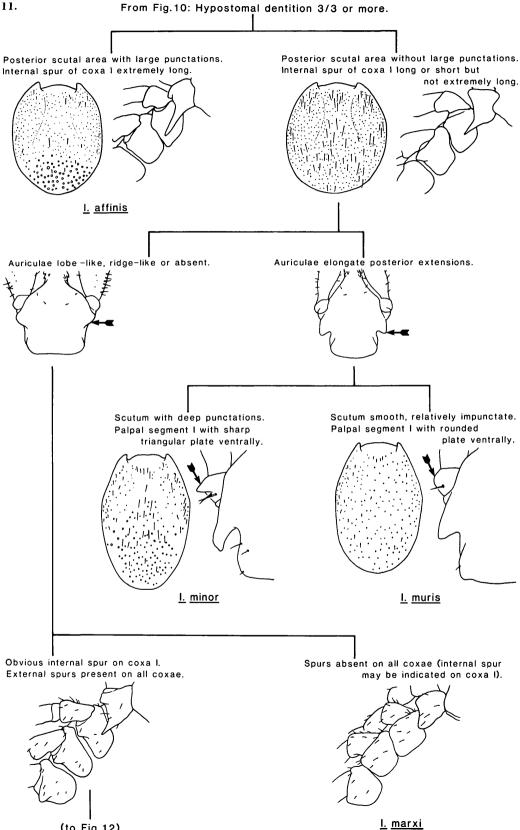


Fig. 11.



(to Fig. 12)

Fig. 12. From Fig. 11: Obvious internal spur on coxa I. External spurs present on all coxae. Internal spur of coxa I longer than external. Spurs of coxa I equal in size. Hypostome long, narrow, 3/3 throughout length, Hypostome broad, not 3/3 throughout length. with teeth flaring laterally. I. angustus Palps long. Hypostome 4/4 apically. Palps short. Hypostome 3/3 apically. Scutum broadly rounded. Scutum angular. I. cookei Auriculae not prominent ledges, Auriculae prominent ledges extending exterior to basis. not extending exterior to basis. Internal spur of coxa I anteriorly narrow. Internal spur of coxa I anteriorly broad.

I. scapularis

I. dammini

Table 1. Adult Ixodidae: common hosts and distribution east of the Mississippi River

tion east of the Mississippi River	
Tick	Distribution
Amblyomma americanum (Linnaeus)	Cattle, dogs, deer, humans; southeast, northward into New Jersey, Long Is- land, New York, Rhode Island.
A. dissimile Koch A. maculatum Koch	Reptiles, especially snakes; Florida. Large domestic and wild mammals; primarily Gulf Coast states. Northern records are from nymphs on birds.
A. tuberculatum Marx	Gopherus polyphemus; coastal areas of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina.
Boophilus annu- latus (Say)	Cattle; no <i>Boophilus</i> species are now present east of the Mississippi but introductions may occur, and <i>B. annulatus</i> was formerly resident in the Southeast.
Dermacentor al- bipictus (Pack- ard)	Ruminants, equids; irregular in most areas east of the Mississippi, more common in the north.
D. nitens Neu-	Equids, ruminants; southern Florida.
D. variabilis (Say)	Cattle, dogs, raccoons, humans; all areas east of the Mississippi.
Haemaphysalis chordeilis (Packard)	Ground-nesting and ground-frequenting birds, rarely mammals; irregularly distributed.
H. leporispalus- tris (Packard)	Lagomorphs; found in all areas east of the Mississippi.
Ixodes affinis Neumann	Deer, dogs, raccoons; Florida, Georgia, South Carolina.
I. angustus Neu- mann	Cricetidae; cooler, wetter areas of Indiana, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Viscolin West, Wirghin Wissonia
I. baergi Cooley & Kohls	Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin. Cliff swallows; Arkansas, Illinois.
I. banksi Bishopp	Beavers, muskrats; Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Michigan, Missouri, Wis- consin.
I. brunneus Koch I. cookei Packard	Birds; widely and irregularly distributed. Usually carnivores and woodchucks, occasionally humans; all areas east of the Mississippi.
I. dammini Spiel- man, Clifford, Piesman & Corwin	Deer, fox, dogs, humans; Wisconsin and Minnesota, eastward into New England, south to Virginia.
I. dentatus Marx	Lagomorphs; all areas east of the Mississippi.
I. kingi Bishopp	Carnivores, spermophils; reported east of the Mississippi (Bishopp & Trembley 1945), but if present, rare.
I. marxi Banks	Primarily squirrels; most areas east of the Mississippi.
I. minor Neu- mann	Rats and mice; Florida, Georgia.
I. muris Bishopp & Smith	Mice; Minnesota and Michigan eastward to Massachusetts, and southward to South Carolina.
I. scapularis Say	Large mammals including cattle, dogs, humans; southern states.
I. sculptus Neu- mann	Usually squirrels and their predators; Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Wisconsin.
I. texanus Banks	Primarily raccoons; from the Gulf Coast states northward to New York.
I. woodi Bishopp Rhipicephalus sanguineus (Latreille)	Primarily woodrats; Alabama, Indiana. Dogs; all areas east of the Mississippi.